

## Tuning Presets in the MOTM 650

Compiled by Robert Rich

### 0. 12 Tone Equal Temperament (non-erasable)

The default Western tuning, based on the twelfth root of two. Good fourths and fifths, horrible thirds and sixths.

### 1. Harmonic Series

MIDI notes 36-95 reflect harmonics 2 through 60 based on the fundamental of A = 27.5 Hz. The low C on a standard 5 octave keyboard acts as the root note (55Hz), and the harmonics play upwards from there. The remaining keys above and below the 5 octave range are filled with the same intervals as Carlos' Harmonic 12 Tone that follows.

### 2. Carlos Harmonic Twelve Tone

Wendy Carlos' twelve note scale based on octave-repeating harmonics. A = 1/1 (440 Hz).  
1/1 17/16 9/8 19/16 5/4 21/16 11/8 3/2 13/8 27/16 7/4 15/8

### 3. Meantone Temperament

An early tempered tuning, with better thirds than 12ET. Sounds best in the key of C. Use this to add an authentic touch to performances of early Baroque music. C=1/1 (260 Hz)

### 4. 1/4 Tone Equal Temperament

24 notes per octave, equally spaced  $24\sqrt[24]{2}$  intervals. Mexican composer Julian Carillo used this for custom-built pianos in the early 20th century.

### 5. 19 Tone Equal Temperament

19 notes per octave ( $19\sqrt[19]{2}$ ) offering better thirds than 12 ET, a better overall compromise if you can figure out the keyboard patterns.

### 6. 31 Tone Equal Temperament

Many people consider  $31\sqrt[31]{2}$  to offer the best compromise towards just intonation in an equal temperament, but it can get very tricky to keep track of the intervals.

### 7. Pythagorean C

One of the earliest tuning systems known from history, the Pythagorean scale is constructed from an upward series of pure fifths ( $3/2$ ) transposed down into a single octave. The tuning works well for monophonic melodies against fifth drones, but has a very narrow palate of good chords to choose from. . C=1/1 (261.625 Hz)  
1/1 256/243 9/8 32/27 81/64 4/3 729/512 3/2 128/81 27/16 16/9 243/128

### 8. Just Intonation in A with 7-limit Tritone at D#

A rather vanilla 5-limit small interval JI, except for a single  $7/5$  tritone at D#, which offers some nice possibilities for rotating around bluesy sevenths. A=1/1 (440 Hz)  
1/1 16/15 9/8 6/5 5/4 7/5 3/2 8/5 5/3 9/5 15/8

### 9. 3-5 Lattice in A

A pure 3 and 5-limit tuning which resolves to very symmetrical derived relationships between notes. A=1/1 (440 Hz)

1/1 16/15 10/9 6/5 5/4 4/3 64/45 3/2 8/5 5/3 16/9 15/8

### 10. 3-7 Lattice in A

A pure 3 and 7-limit tuning which resolves to very symmetrical derived relationships between notes. Some of the intervals are very close together, offering several choices for the same nominal chords. A=1/1 (440 Hz)

1/1 9/8 8/7 7/6 9/7 21/16 4/3 3/2 32/21 12/7 7/4 63/32

### 11. Other Music 7-Limit Black Keys in C

Created by the group Other Music for their homemade gamelan, this offers a wide range of interesting chords and modes. C=1/1 (261.625 Hz)

1/1 15/14 9/8 7/6 5/4 4/3 7/5 3/2 14/9 5/3 7/4 15/8

### 12. Dan Schmidt Pelog/Slendro

Created for the Berkeley Gamelan group, this tuning fits an Indonesian-style heptatonic Pelog on the white keys and pentatonic Slendro on the black keys, with B and Bb acting as 1/1 for their respective modes. Note that some of the notes will have the same frequency. By tuning the 1/1 to 60 Hz, Dan found a creative way to incorporate the inevitable line hum into his scale. Bb, B = 1/1 (60 Hz)

1/1 1/1 9/8 7/6 5/4 4/3 11/8 3/2 3/2 7/4 7/4 15/8

### 13. Yamaha Just Major C

When Yamaha decided to put preset microtunings into their FM synth product line, they selected this and the following tuning as representative just intonations. As such, they became the de-facto introduction to JI for many people. Just Major gives preferential treatment to major thirds on the sharps, and a good fourth relative to the second. C= 1/1 (261.625)

1/1 16/15 9/8 6/5 5/4 4/3 45/32 3/2 8/5 5/3 16/9 15/8

### 14. Yamaha Just Minor C

Similar to Yamaha's preset Just Major, the Just Minor gives preferential treatment to minor thirds on the sharps, and has a good fifth relative to the second. C= 1/1 (261.625)

1/1 25/24 10/9 6/5 5/4 4/3 45/32 3/2 8/5 5/3 16/9 15/8

### 15. Harry Partch 11-limit 43 Note Just Intonation

One of the pioneers of modern microtonal composition, Partch built a unique orchestra with this tuning during the first half of the 20th century, to perform his own compositions. The large number of intervals in this very dense scale offers a full vocabulary of expressive chords and complex key changes. The narrow spacing also allows fixed-pitched instruments like marimbas and organs to perform glissando-like passages. G = 1/1 (392 Hz, MIDI note 67)

1/1 81/80 33/32 21/20 16/15 12/11 11/10 10/9 9/8 8/7 7/6 32/27

6/5 11/9 5/4 14/11 9/7 21/16 4/3 27/20 11/8 7/5 10/7 16/11

40/27 3/2 32/21 14/9 11/7 8/5 18/11 5/3 27/16 12/7 7/4 16/9

9/5 20/11 11/6 15/8 40/21 64/33 160/81